Title of Session: Classroom Assessment -Designing, Implementing, Using Moderator: Maryann Durland Title of File: 20081009assessment Date: October 9, 2008

Room: Classroom Assessment Group

**DavidW**: We can start with a quick round of introductions as is customary. Say a bit about who you are and what/where you teach

**DavidW** waves to Huda

MaryannDu: ok

MaryannDu: I am in West Virginia

ErinR: My name is Erin, I am a sixth grade teacher in Chantilly, VA.

**MaryannDu**: and I am an independent consultant for program evaluation with special interests in assessment, and classroom practices

**DavidW**: I'm David Weksler. I'm one of the HelpDesk staff for Tapped In and I work with teachers and technology. I'm in New Jersey

MaryannDu: hi Erin

ErinR : Hi Maryann

HudaJ: I am in graduate school in NY and I am a substitute teacher

MaryannDu: where is Chantilly. I get to Charlottesville often

MaryannDu: super

ErinR: It is about 20 miles outside of Washington DC..near Dulles Airport

MaryannDu: do you work with elem, sec? Huda

MaryannDu: ok

HudaJ: elementary

MaryannDu: ok

MaryannDu: so what brings you to this site?

MaryannDu: I am here because I am exploring what teachers want to know about assessment

MaryannDu: I like to connecting to teachers and what they want to know

**HudaJ**: My prof. wants us to explore it and write about it. and this group seemed very interesting to me

# MaryannDu: ok

**ErinR**: I came to this website after my professor recommended it to us. I am taking a class on Assessment and Differentiation, so I thought this discussion would be a valuable one!

# MaryannDu: nice

MaryannDu: we do have great discussions here!

HudaJ: Do I get a transcript afterwards to send to my prof?

MaryannDu: ok, so any burning questions?

**MaryannDu**: yes, I can forward you one, if I have your email. or you can email me at <u>mdurland@durlandconsulting.com</u> and I will send it to you

DavidW: You'll get a transcript after you logout, Huda

HudaJ: ok thank you

MaryannDu: good

**DavidW**: It will be sent to your email address - you are using AOL; if it does any filtering for you, check the SPAM or JUNK folder if you don't see it

**DavidW** . o O ( sometimes it gets filtered )

MaryannDu: lol

**DavidW** smiles

DavidW: but you should receive it within 30 minutes of logging out

HudaJ: thanx David

HudaJ: lol

**MaryannDu**: I am interested in what you both think about assessment, since you are both working with elem students and you are in two different parts of the country

MaryannDu: anything specific come to mind?

**ErinR**: I think assessment on a daily basis is very important but I would like to learn more ways of assessing the students' knowledge, rather than always giving them a written test or quiz

MaryannDu: right

HudaJ: Well I think that one of the most important assessment tools is observation

MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: I agree with that

ErinR: I do too

**DavidW**: How can assessment be relevant to both students and teachers so students also understand where their strengths and weaknesses are

**MaryannDu**: I think that when we think about classroom assessment as opposed to state accountability that what students learn from the assessments is critical

**ErinR**: I think assessments can be more relevant to students if they are having a say in what they are doing, such as a choice between an oral report or a written one for example

**MaryannDu**: for me, assessment in the classroom begins with what I call "conversation" which is what teaching is - a conversation with the learner so that the learner increases understandings,

MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: that is so true

MaryannDu: I think that the key to assessment is based in goals and objectives

**MaryannDu**: and that we have to allow deep learning to occur and measure high level skills

**HudaJ**: For example, if you are teaching a math lesson, you may decide to walk systematically through the classroom once you have given your students a problem to work on for the purpose of identifying students who are experiencing difficulty

## MaryannDu: yes,

MaryannDu: that is very true.

MaryannDu: this becomes assessment for guiding instruction

MaryannDu: which is critical

**ErinR**: I find that having short "conferences" with the students, such as during writing workshop, can be a valuable way of informally assessing the students, and seeing where they might not have a complete understanding of the material

**MaryannDu**: and the more that we know about the learning process - where are they getting stuck and why, the better we are able to adapt instruction

### MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: that is very good

**MaryannDu**: I believe that the more students talk about what they are doing, how and why, the more they learn

HudaJ: When several students have failed to understand the lesson, I would then decide to change my instruction

MaryannDu: and clarify what they learn

MaryannDu: you two must be really good teachers!

MaryannDu: I love what you are saying!

HudaJ: because maybe they were not understood

MaryannDu: yes

HudaJ: and need to clarify them

**ErinR**: exactly. There have been lessons that I have taught where I can tell the students are not grasping the material, and then I have had to adapt it to fit in with their understanding

MaryannDu: yes,

MaryannDu: that is the exciting part of assessment - or diagnostic assessment

HudaJ: I am a big supporter of informal evaluations

MaryannDu: as an ongoing part of the instructional process

MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: me too

ErinR : me too!

MaryannDu: lol

DavidW wonders if anyone is using portfolios as part of the assessment process

**MaryannDu**: there are so many purposes for assessment and as you have pointed out, the most important part is for instructional practices

MaryannDu: I am working on evaluating some

**ErinR**: I don't have a portfolio for each student per se, but I do have a file folder in a cabinet for each student and I collect examples of student work to have as examples of how they are learning/progressing during the year

**MaryannDu**: portfolios are nice for showing change, so that as a child learns you don't have to keep track of every single point, but you have a record, that can be changed and summarized.

## MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: that is a nice way to use a portfolio

HudaJ: They're good to show the child's parents as well

**ErinR** : definitely

**MaryannDu**: they are nice as a summary kind of tool, but I really prefer then as a site for showing change

MaryannDu: yes

**MaryannDu**: and they are so flexible in terms of use, you can take things out and reduce, and begin new content

**MaryannDu**: I am working with teachers on portfolios, as samples of expertise. which is a totally different view of them

MaryannDu: you only see the end result, which is also ok

MaryannDu: what do your students say about assessment?

MaryannDu: do they think of classroom assessment any particular way?

**ErinR**: the students in my class are usually fine with assessments, by sixth grade they seem used to having a lot of assessments, they often are very anxious about how they did on something and want immediate feedback, which is not always possible!

MaryannDu: right.

**MaryannDu**: to them it is often a judgment not a process in learning; which is what they have often learned

**MaryannDu**: learning is often so iterative, and when assessment is right or wrong, right now, that is not what we are teaching.

**HudaJ**: When children are stressed out about doing well, the learning becomes external rather than internal learning

HudaJ: they just want a good grade

**MaryannDu**: I think it is really important to map out assessment prior to planning the instructional practices

**DavidW** thinks that happens too often

MaryannDu: yes, that is so true

MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: I agree

**ErinR**: yes definitely

**MaryannDu**: when you map out the assessment, then you can plan for formal, informal, and what you want students to do to demonstrate performance.

HudaJ: Yes I agree with that...that the assessment has to be planned out first

**MaryannDu**: after that, you have a map of how you have to teach in order for the students to attain the objective as measured by the assessment you planned

#### MaryannDu: yes,

MaryannDu: to often we say the obj is to evaluate, but we teach facts and expect only

simple comprehension then test on evaluate

**ErinR**: right, because if you don't know how the students are going to be assessed, there might be gaps in what they learning, that's why I think it is better to have it planned out ahead of time

## MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: that is really good

HudaJ: because teachers have to be able to use different strategies to accomplish various goals

# MaryannDu: yes

HudaJ: so maybe one lesson can have to kinds of assessment to meet all the needs of the students

**MaryannDu**: if you have a specific objective, and assessment item for something, how do you decide what instructional practices to use? say you want students to summarize historical events

**ErinR**: I think you definitely have to consider the needs of the students when choosing the method of assessment and find the method that will work best for those students

**MaryannDu**: and the assessment item is a list of 25 events that students are to do something with; they can choose, list them in order, write a par using them, etc. the assessment product is up to them.

**HudaJ**: Yes because you have to identify the strengths of different learners while addressing their weaknesses

**DavidW**: I'm guessing with more technology available, the range of instructional practices and types of assessment have grown

MaryannDu: somewhat

MaryannDu: but not always and everywhere

MaryannDu: it totally depends on the teacher, I find

**DavidW**. o O ( and what technology the teacher is familiar/comfortable with )

MaryannDu: right, and has access to!

DavidW nods

## HudaJ: lol

**DavidW**: We were lucky in high school (for me, in the 70s) to use videotape equipment to do things like "60 Minutes explores the Spanish-American War"

**MaryannDu**: so if my objective is to have students summarize historical events. How do we choose instructional practices?

MaryannDu: wow, that is really nice.

MaryannDu: we had those little rolls of film????

**DavidW**: It was exciting to use the technology and figure out the Q & A for Dan Rather to ask Teddy Roosevelt

**DavidW** smiles

MaryannDu: lol

HudaJ: Well you can have them do a project. on the event

**DavidW**. o O ( much more fun than writing a term paper )

MaryannDu: yes

MaryannDu: for some students

HudaJ: and have different kids do different things based on their approaches to learning

**DavidW** agrees

**ErinR**: I agree, I think a differentiated approach to this task would be necessary for some of the learners

HudaJ: Like one student might be better at a oral presentation, another a paper....

**MaryannDu**: how do we know that the instructional practice we use will lead to enough knowing that the student will be able to do the assessment?

**DavidW**: isn't that a constant question one must keep asking?

MaryannDu: I am sort of brainstorming in a way

MaryannDu: sort of

MaryannDu: but it is also the very first and critical one

HudaJ: Informal assessment is an integral part of the day to day life of a teacher

**MaryannDu**: how do I know that with the content I have, that if I do x and y and z, that the student will be able to summarize historical events in way the student chooses.

**ErinR**: I would think that informally assessing the students while they are learning about the historical events might be helpful in determining if they are capable of completing a formal assessment

**MaryannDu**: right, but how do you decide on what instructional practice to do and when?

MaryannDu: for example

MaryannDu: I once had a group of 7th graders who averaged 3rd grade reading

MaryannDu: and I wanted them to learn about world countries and cultures, etc.

MaryannDu: and the book was awful

**DavidW**. o O ( change of direction )

**MaryannDu**: and I wanted them at the end, to be able to write about different world cultures and countries, and how they differed in food, clothing, etc.

MaryannDu: yes??

**MaryannDu**: to write, or give a talk about, but to know things that they could compare and contrast

HudaJ: okay and what happened? did they complete the task?

MaryannDu: so I created several games and structured organizers that I used to start the process

MaryannDu: on the first day we outlined the chapter

MaryannDu: using colored paper, which I pasted on the walls

MaryannDu: each child got 4-5 pieces with words on them

**MaryannDu**: as I lectured and talked about the new unit, I would ask, who thinks they have a paper, with a country name

### MaryannDu: etc

MaryannDu: and though a conversation we created an outline on the wall.

HudaJ: That sounds fun and creative

**ErinR**: I think that sounds great

MaryannDu: it was very fun. and very helpful

MaryannDu: then I used it for them again

**MaryannDu**: like they got a blank outline with countries, etc. and they filled it in in groups, from research

MaryannDu: finding different things than I had.

DavidW smiles

MaryannDu: lol

**MaryannDu**: so from the assessment, and all the things you said - learner needs, interests, etc. I figured out a way to get the content and student learning to mix

DavidW: you created a much more constructivist environment, Maryann

MaryannDu: yes, I am totally a constructivist

**DavidW** smiles

HudaJ: lol

MaryannDu: except when I am the expert and love to lecture!

MaryannDu: lololol

ErinR smiles

MaryannDu: constructivism is to me where all the learning is

MaryannDu: we only learn what we are trying to make sense of

MaryannDu: though we teach our children much about memory!

MaryannDu: I do not see that as learning though

HudaJ: you are so right

**MaryannDu**: It is like my middle child said about his teacher who wanted everyone to write the math problems on the board and explain them... he said... he just wants tooo much

MaryannDu: and I said, like knowing it, and being able to explain it

MaryannDu: and my son said. yes

MaryannDu: being the 'A' student he was, he just did them

MaryannDu: we should just do them he said

HudaJ: good for him

**MaryannDu**: later he said that that teacher was the best one he had, he really made him think

MaryannDu: not just do it

**ErinR**: that's great

MaryannDu: yes,

HudaJ: Those are the most memorable teachers

MaryannDu: I saw a change in my child that has continued until today

MaryannDu: the wanting to understand

MaryannDu: not just do it

MaryannDu: kind of get it, and be able to make great grades, but not really know it

MaryannDu: yes they are

MaryannDu: those teachers start with an attitude I think

MaryannDu: they say and do the things you have said

MaryannDu: they are listening to kids

MaryannDu: makes it very fun

MaryannDu: are there things you want to do, that you haven't done yet in your

classroom with students, about assessment?

MaryannDu: I always think it is fun to try new things out

**ErinR**: I'd like to try some performance-based assessments, like creating a song or skit about something and present that to the class

MaryannDu: that would be so fun, and very creative.

ErinR: I think that could be fun to see and do for some students at least

MaryannDu: yes. some would like other things to do

**ErinR**: yes definitely

HudaJ: Maryann how do you feel about giving students prizes for doing well on a task?

MaryannDu: sometimes I think it is ok, but for the most part I don't

**MaryannDu**: I think that the verbal and positive reinforcement is really good, and making learning fun, and exciting, and having rewards and things for other things

**ErinR**: I kind of like to reserve a "prize" for going way above and beyond...I wouldn't want the students to expect something every time they do something they are supposed to

MaryannDu: like a hard unit with lots of time

HudaJ: I understand

**MaryannDu**: and I also feel that kids are not like dogs, they don't need a bone for every things

HudaJ: lol

MaryannDu: I like to do more with talking to kids

ErinR : lol

MaryannDu: telling them they did well,

MaryannDu: that I really respect their work

MaryannDu: asking them for ideas

MaryannDu: etc.

MaryannDu: making rewards come from the child - like what they would really like

**MaryannDu**: working towards something that is special and that all will be successful at... like finishing a really hard unit.

MaryannDu: then the whole class celebrates

MaryannDu: instead of one getting a prize

ErinR: we do that at my school too, whole class rewards for positive behavior, etc.

MaryannDu: right

HudaJ: Sounds good

**MaryannDu**: I like to have kids think in terms of us, as a team, as well as how some naturally stand out.

**DavidW**: We're just about out of time for tonight's discussion. Any final questions for Maryann?

MaryannDu: but that everyone has a right to feel success and good about what they have done

MaryannDu: time went fast

HudaJ: Yes it did

MaryannDu: thank you for visiting!

**ErinR**: yes it did!!!

MaryannDu: thank you David for moderating

**DavidW** reminds everyone the next Classroom Assessment discussion is scheduled for 13 November at 8pm

HudaJ: thanks David and Maryann

DavidW: Welcome, Maryann. Happy to be part of the discussion

**DavidW**. o O ( 8pm EST? )

ErinR: thank you! I thought it was a great discussion!

MaryannDu: second Thursday

MaryannDu: thank you!

**DavidW**: Huda, if you don't see the transcript, email us - wex@pobox.com

MaryannDu: have fun

HudaJ: I will thanks

MaryannDu: bye

HudaJ: bye

MaryannDu: lol

**DavidW** reminds everyone to check the calendar

ErinR: bye!

MaryannDu: thanks

**DavidW** wave goodnight

**DavidW**: Good discussion tonight with this small group

**DavidW** waves bye and heads to Reception